=> d his

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L5

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:57:21 ON 16 JAN 2004)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:00:09 ON 16 JAN 2004

E SCHLOEMER G/IN

17 S E4-E6

0 S L1 AND ACETAMIDE? L2

L30 S L1 AND IMIDAZO?

L47 S L1 AND PROCESS

5 S DIMETHYLGLYOXYLAMIDE

SELECT L5 5 RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:16:26 ON 16 JAN 2004

L6 3 S E1-E3

> FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:18:30 ON 16 JAN 2004 SELECT L5 4 RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:18:53 ON 16 JAN 2004

L7 3 S E4-E6

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:30:24 ON 16 JAN 2004 STRUCTURE UPLOADED L8

0 S L8 L9

FILE 'BEILSTEIN' ENTERED AT 18:31:02 ON 16 JAN 2004

L10 0 S L8

1 S L8 SSS FULL L11

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 18:32:54 ON 16 JAN 2004 L12 2 S L8 SSS FULL

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:33:36 ON 16 JAN 2004 L13 4 S L12

=> d 18

L8 HAS NO ANSWERS

ŌН

G1 Me,Et,n-Pr,i-Pr,n-Bu,i-Bu,s-Bu,t-Bu

```
10/620209
=> d 1-4 bib abs hitstr
L13 ANSWER 1 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     1991:101100 CAPLUS
     114:101100
DN
     One-pot synthesis of N,N,N',N'-tetrasubstituted ureas and oxomalonamides
ΤI
     by oxidative carbonylation of lithium amides at atmospheric pressure
     Nudelman, Norma S.; Lewkowicz, Elizabeth S.; Perez, Daniel G.
ΑU
     Fac. Cienc. Exactas, Univ. Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, 1428, Argent.
CS
SO
     Synthesis (1990), (10), 917-20
     CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881
DT
LА
     English
     CASREACT 114:101100
OS
AB
     N,N,N',N'-tetrasubstituted ureas RR1NCONRR1 (R = R1 = Bu, cyclohexyl,
     CHMe2, cyclohexyl) were prepd. in good yields by reaction of lithium aliph. amides RR1NLi in THF soln. with CO under mild conditions
     (0.degree., 1013 mbar) followed by treatment with oxygen prior to work up.
     N,N,N',N'-tetrasubstituted oxomalonamides (oxopropanediamides)
     RRINCOCOCONRR1 were prepd. under similar reaction conditions by carrying
     out the reaction in the presence of known amts. of the pure amine.
     Besides being an useful synthetic method, the present studies afford new
     evidence of the mechanism of the reaction.
     83862-73-1P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
RN
     83862-73-1 CAPLUS
    Acetamide, 2,2'-oxybis[N,N-dibutyl-2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
            -CH-O-CH-C-N(Bu-n)_2
```

```
L13 ANSWER 2 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     1988:55481 CAPLUS
DN
     108:55481
     Carbon-carbon bond formation through the carbonylation of lithium
     dialkylamides. One-pot synthesis of N-alkyl-substituted formamides,
     glyoxylamides, and hydroxymalonamides
AU
     Perez, Daniel G.; Nudelman, N. Sbarbati
     Fac. Cienc. Exactas, Univ. Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, 1428, Argent.
CS
     Journal of Organic Chemistry (1988), 53(2), 408-13
so
     CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
os
     CASREACT 108:55481
     The reaction of RRINLi (R = R1 = Bu, pentyl, cyclohexyl; R = iso-Pr, R1 =
     cyclohexyl; RR1 = 3-oxapentamethylene) with CO to yield RRINCHO,
     (RRINCOCHOH) 20, and RRINCOCH (OH) CONRRI (R, RI = same as above) was examd.
     under a no. of different conditions. Evidence supporting a lithium
     carbamoyl intermediate for the latter compds. is presented. A general
     procedure for the prepn. of tetraalkylureas, tetraalkyloxalamides, and
     tetraalkyloxomalonamides is given.
IT
     83862-73-1P
    RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
RN
```

83862-73-1 CAPLUS Acetamide, 2,2'-oxybis[N,N-dibutyl-2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

```
OH
                 OH O
(n-Bu) 2N-C-CH-O-CH-C-N(Bu-n) 2
```

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L13 ANSWER 3 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     1983:34210 CAPLUS
DN
     98:34210
     Insertion of carbon monoxide into lithium-nitrogen bonds. One-pot
     synthesis of dialkylformamides and dialkylgloxylamides
ΑU
    Nudelman, N. Sbarbati; Perez, Daniel
     Fac. Cienc. Exactas Nat., Univ. Buenos Aires, Buenos Aires, 1428, Argent.
CS
     Journal of Organic Chemistry (1983), 48(1), 133-4
SO
     CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
```

os

GI

AB

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10/620209
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     English
os
     CASREACT 98:34210
AΒ
     Lithium dialkylamides react with CO to afford dialkylformamides (I),
     tetralkylhydroxymalonamides and dialkylglyoxylamides (II). Reaction
     conditions are described to produce I or II in good yields.
IT
     83862-73-1P
     RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
        (prepn. of)
RN
     83862-73-1 CAPLUS
    Acetamide, 2,2'-oxybis[N,N-dibutyl-2-hydroxy- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)
CN
                  OH O
           -CH-O-CH-C-N(Bu-n)_2
(n-Bu)_2N-C
L13 ANSWER 4 OF 4 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
```

CASREACT 90:121688

gave I which was hydrolyzed to give 20-30% II. Reaction of I with cyclohexanone gave 85% 4:1 III-IV. Similarly, (Me2CH)2NH was lithiated, carbonylated, and hydrolyzed to give 20-40% (Me2CH) 2NCHO. IT 68986-67-4P RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) 68986-67-4 CAPLUS RN Acetamide, 2,2'-oxybis[2-hydroxy-N,N-bis(1-methylethyl)- (9CI) (CA INDEX CN

Lithiation of piperidine gave lithium piperidide, carbonylation of which

RE.CNT 6

```
=> s dimethylglyoxylamide
              5 DIMETHYLGLYOXYLAMIDE
L5
=> d 1-5 bib abs kwic
     ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     2003:887680 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     139:364844
TI
     Preparation of indolizines as sPLA2 inhibitors
     Dillard, Robert D.; Hagishita, Sanji; Ohtani, Mitsuaki
IN
     Eli Lilly and Company, USA; Shiongi and Company, Ltd. U.S., 62 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 278,445.
PA
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
T.A
     English
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                             APPLICATION NO. DATE
РΤ
     US 6645976
                       B1
                             20031111
                                             US 1997-765566
     WO 9603383
                       A1
                            19960208
                                             WO 1995-US9381
                                                              19950720
         W: AM, AT, AU, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LT, LU, LV, MD,
             MG, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, TJ,
             TM, TT
         RW: KE, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT,
             LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE,
             SN, TD, TG
PRAI US 1994-278445
                        A2
                             19940721
     WO 1995-US9381
                        W
                             19950720
os
     MARPAT 139:364844
GT
* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
     Title compds. I, II, III [wherein X = O or S; Rll = independently H,
     alkyl, or halo; R12 = H, halo, (cyclo)alkyl, cycloalkenyl, alkoxy,
     alkylthio, or a non-interfering substituent having 1-3 atoms other than H;
     R13 = (un) substituted alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, (hetero) cyclyl optionally
     connected by a linking group; R15 and R16 = independently H,
     non-interfering substituent, or (un) substituted (hetero) cyclyl; R17 and R18 = independently H, non-interfering substituent, or acidic linker; with
     the proviso that at least one of R17 and R18 must be an acidic linker; or
    pharmaceutically acceptable salt, ester, or amide prodrug derivs.
     thereof], and their 3-acetamide, 3-acetic acid hydrazide, and
     3-glyoxylamide analogs were prepd. as inhibitors of human secreted
     phospholipase A2 (sPLA2) mediated release of fatty acids. For example,
     conversion of 2-methyl-5-methoxypyridine to the anion in THF using lithium
    diisopropylamide and subsequent reaction with benzonitrile produced
     5-methoxy-2-phenacylpyridine (57.0%). Cyclization of the pyridine deriv.
    with 1-bromo-2-butanone using NaHCO3 in acetone gave the
    1-benzoylindolizine (90.7%), which was reduced by LAH to give
    1-benzyl-2-ethyl-6-methoxyindolizine (94.5%). Acylation (98.5%) with Et
    oxalyl chloride in benzene, followed by sapon. with LiOH in H2O and
    amidation using NH4OH, provided 2-(1-benzyl-2-ethyl-6-methoxyindolizin-3-
    yl)glyoxylamide. Demethylation by BBr3 in CH2Cl2, coupling with Et
    4-bromobutyrate (56.2%) in the presence of NaH in DMF, and hydrolysis with
    LiOH gave the title indolizine IV (49.9%). Eighty-eight compds. of the
    invention inhibited recombinant human sPLA2 in a chromogenic assay with
    IC50 values ranging from 0.006 .mu.M to 1.1 .mu.M, in contrast to IC50
    values >50 .mu.M for comparative examples. Administration of 10/mg/kg of
    the representative compd., 2-[8-(carbomethoxymethoxy)-2-ethyl-3-(2-
    phenylbenzyl) indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide, improved the survival rate of
    male Wistar rats with sPLA2-induced pancreatitis from 33.3% (vehicle) to
            Thus, invention compds. and their pharmaceutical formulations are
    useful for the treatment of conditions such as septic shock, adult
    respiratory distress syndrome, pancreatitis, trauma, bronchial asthma,
    allergic rhinitis, and rheumatoid arthritis.
```

ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

177556-77-3P, 2-(3-Benzyl-8-hydroxy-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl)acetamide

177556-79-5P, 2-[2-Ethyl-8-hydroxy-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1yl]acetamide 177556-80-8P, 2-[3-(m-Chlorobenzyl)-2-ethyl-8hydroxyindolizin-1-yl]acetamide 177556-81-9P, 2-[2-Cyclopropyl-8-hydroxy3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]acetamide 177556-84-2P,
2-[8-[[(Benzyloxycarbonyl)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-

THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

```
1-y1]acetamide 177556-85-3P, 2-[8-[[(Benzyloxycarbonyl)methyl]oxy]-3-(m-
chlorobenzyl)-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]acetamide
                                                          177556-86-4P,
2-[8-[[(Carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-cyclopropyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-
1-yl]acetamide
                    177556-92-2P, 2-(3-Benzyl-2-methylindolizin-1
                     177556-93-3P, 2-(3-Benzyl-8-benzyloxy-2-ethylindolizin-1-177556-94-4P, 2-(3-Benzyl-8-benzyloxy-2-ethylindolizin-1-
yl)glyoxylamide
yl)glyoxylamide
yl)-N-methylglyoxylamide 177556-95-5P, 2-(3-Benzyl-8-benzyloxy-2-
ethylindolizin-1-yl)-N,N-dimethylglyoxylamide
                                                          177556-96-6P,
2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
177556-97-7P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]-N-methylglyoxylamide 177556-98-8P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-(o-
methylglyoxylamide
phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylglyoxylamide
177556-99-9P, 2-(3-Benzyl-8-benzyloxy-2-methylindolizin-1-yl)glyoxylamide 177557-00-5P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-3-(m-chlorobenzyl)-2-ethylindolizin-1-
yl]glyoxylamide 177557-01-6P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-(m-
trifluoromethylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                               177557-02-7P,
2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-(1-naphthylmethyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
177557-03-8P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-cyclopropyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-25-4P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-(p-
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2-(8-Benzyloxy-3-cyclohexylmethyl-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl)glyoxylamide
177557-27-6P, 2-(8-Benzyloxy-3-cyclopentylmethyl-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl)glyoxylamide 177557-28-7P, 2-(8-Benzyloxy-3-cycloheptylmethyl-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl)glyoxylamide 177557-29-8P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-
                                           177557-30-1P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-
pentylindolizin-1-yl)glyoxylamide
(2-propylpentyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-31-2P,
2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-[(naphth-2-yl)methyl]indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
177557-32-3P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-3-(3,5-di-tert-butylbenzyl)-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-33-4P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-(2-
phenylethyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-34-5P,
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177557-35-6P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-2-ethyl-3-[(thiophen-2-yl)methyl]indolizin-1-
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yl]glyoxylamide 177557-41-4P, 2-[8-Benzyloxy-3-[(biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-2-
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                    177557-48-1P, 2-[8-[[(Carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-3-
cyclohexylmethyl-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-49-2P, 2-[8-[[(Carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-3-cyclopentylmethyl-2-ethylindolizin-1-
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2-[8-[[(Carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-pentylindolizin-1-
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                     177557-52-7P, 2-[8-[[(Carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-
(2-propylpentyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
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2-[8-[[(Carbomethoxy)methyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-[(naphth-2-yl)methyl]indolizin-
l-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-55-0P, 2-[8-[[(Carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-
3-(2-phenylethyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                        177557-56-1P,
2-[3-(o-Benzylbenzyl)-8-[[(carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-1-
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[[3-(thiophen-2-yl)thiophen-2-yl]methyl]indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
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2-[2-Ethyl-8-[[(carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-3-(o-nitrobenzyl)indolizin-1-
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[[(carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-methylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
177557-63-0P, 2-[3-Benzyl-8-[[(carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-
cyclopropylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-64-1P, 2-[3-(p-Butylbenzyl)-8-[[(carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-1-
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cyclohexylmethyl-2-methylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
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[[(carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-methylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
177557-89-0P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-8-[[(carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-
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phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-92-5P,
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(3-phenyl-2-propenyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-94-7P,
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phenylbenzyl) indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                               177558-00-8P.
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phenylbenzyl) indolizin-1-yl] glyoxylamide 177558-02-0P,
2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(3-phenyl-2-propenyl)indolizin-1-
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phenylpropyl) indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177558-04-2P
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cyclohexylmethyl-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177559-84-1P,
2-[7-[[(Carboethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177559-99-8P, 2-[3-Benzyl-8-
[[(methoxycarbonyl)methyl]amino]-2-methylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
177560-00-8P, 2-[8-[[(Methoxycarbonyl)methyl]amino]-3-cyclohexylmethyl-2-
methylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 182115-63-5P, Methyl
2-[[3-Benzyl-1-(carbamoylmethyl)-2-ethylindolizin-8-yl]oxy]acetate
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cyclopropylindolizin-1-yl)glyoxylamide
                                            182115-84-0P,
2-[8-Hydroxy-2-ethyl-3-(4-pentylcyclohexylmethyl)indolizin-1-
yl]glyoxylamide
                  182115-86-2P, 2-[3-Benzyl-8-[[(carbethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-
ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 182115-87-3P, 2-[8-
[[(Carbethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 182115-88-4P, 2-[8-[(Carbethoxy)methyl]oxy]-3-(m-
vllglyoxylamide
chlorobenzyl)-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 182115-90-8P,
2-[8-[[(Carbethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-[(1-naphthyl)methyl]indolizin-1-
yl]glyoxylamide 182115-92-0P, 2-[3-Benzyl-8-[[(carbethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-
methylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 182115-93-1P, 2-[8-
[[(Carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-[(4-pentylcyclohexyl)methyl]indolizi
n-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                       182116-42-3P, 2-[7-(5-Carboethoxypentyloxy)-2-ethyl-
3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                   182116-44-5P,
2-[3-Benzyl-8-[[(methoxycarbonyl)methyl]amino]-2-methylindolizin-1-
                182116-45-6P, 2-[3-Benzyl-8-[(carboxymethyl)amino]-2-
methylindolizin-1-yl]acetamide 182116-49-0P, 2-[8-(3-
Carbomethoxypropyloxy) -2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-
vllglvoxvlamide
                  215160-62-6P, 2-[8-[[(Carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-
(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                 215160-63-7P,
2-[3-Benzyl-8-[[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)methyl]oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-1-
yl]glyoxylamide 215160-64-8P
                                   215160-65-9P
                                                   622835-99-8P.
2-[3-(1-Naphthyl)-8-hydroxy-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]acetamide
622836-00-4P, Methyl 2-[[3-Naphthyl-1-(carbamoylmethyl)-2-ethylindolizin-8-
vlloxvlacetate
                 622836-03-7P, 2-[3-Benzyl-8-[[(carbethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-
ethylindolizin-1-yl]-N-methylglyoxylamide
                                               622836-04-8P
2-[3-Benzyl-8-[[(carbethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]-N,N-
dimethylglyoxylamide
                       622836-05-9P, 2-[8-
[[(Carbethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]-N,N-
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622836-07-1P, 2-[8-(Cyanomethyloxy)-2-ethyl-
     dimethylglyoxylamide
     3-[(1-naphthyl)methyl]indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 622836-33-3P,
     2-[3-[(Adamant-1-yl)methyl]-8-benzyloxy-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl)glyoxylamide 622836-34-4P, 8-Benzyloxy-3-(cyclopentylcarbonyl)-2-cyclopropylindolizine
     622836-35-5P, 8-Benzyloxy-3-cyclopentylmethyl-2-cyclopropylindolizine
     622836-36-6P, 2-[8-[[(Carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(thiophen-2-
     yl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 622836-37-7P, 2-(3-Cyclopentylmethyl-2-
     cyclopropyl-8-hydroxyindolizin-1-yl)glyoxylamide
                                                            622836-57-1P,
     2-[3-(Biphenyl-2-yl)-8-[[(carbomethoxy)methyl]oxy]-2-methoxyindolizin-1-
     yl]glyoxylamide
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic
     preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP
     (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
         (sPLA2 inhibitor; prepn. of indolizines as inhibitors of sPLA2 mediated
        release of fatty acids)
     177556-76-2P, 2-[1-Benzyl-6-(3-carboxypropyloxy)-2-ethylindolizin-3-
TT
     yl]glyoxylamide 177556-87-5P, 2-[3-Benzyl-8-[(carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-
                                       177556-89-7P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-
     ethylindolizin-1-yl]acetamide
     ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]acetamide 177556-90-0P,
     2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-(m-chlorobenzyl)-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]acetamide 177556-91-1P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-cyclopropyl-3-(o-
     phenylbenzyl) indolizin-1-yl]acetamide
                                               177557-67-4P, 2-[2-Ethyl-8-
     [(carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-(p-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
     ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-69-6P, 2-[8-[3-cyclopentylmethyl-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                                  177557-70-9P,
     2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-cycloheptylmethyl-2-ethylindolizin-1-
     yl]glyoxylamide
                       177557-71-0P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-
     pentylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-72-1P, 2-[8-
     [(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(2-propylpentyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
     177557-75-4P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(2-phenylethyl)indolizin-
     1-yl]glyoxylamide
                          177557-76-5P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-(o-
                                                            177557-77-6P,
     benzylbenzyl) -2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
     2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-[(thiophen-2-yl)methyl]indolizin-1-
     yl]glyoxylamide 177557-78-7P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-[[3-(thiophen-2-yl)thiophen-2-yl]methyl]indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
     177557-79-8P, 2-[2-Ethyl-8-[(carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-(m-
     methoxybenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                    177557-80-1P
     2-[2-Ethyl-8-[(carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-(o-nitrobenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-82-3P, 2-[3-[(Adamant-1-yl)methyl]-8-[(carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-methylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177557-83-4P,
     2-[3-Benzyl-8-[(carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-cyclopropylindolizin-1-
     yl]glyoxylamide 177557-84-5P, 2-[3-(p-Butylbenzyl)-8-
     [(carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                                    177557-85-6P,
     2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-cyclohexylmethyl-2-methylindolizin-1-
     yl]glyoxylamide 177557-86-7P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-
     cyclopentylmethyl-2-cyclopropylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                                       177557-87-8P.
     2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-cyclopentylmethyl-2-methylindolizin-1-
     yl]glyoxylamide 177558-06-4P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-8-
     [(carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide sodium salt
     177558-07-5P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-8-[[[1-
     (methoxycarbonyloxy) ethoxy] carbonyl] methoxy] -2-ethylindolizin-1-
                        177558-08-6P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-2-ethyl-8-
     yl]qlyoxylamide
     [[[1-(isopropyloxycarbonyloxy)ethoxy]carbonyl]methoxy]indolizin-1-
                        177558-11-1P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-y1)methyl]-8-[[[[[1-
     yl]glyoxylamide
     (cyclopentyloxycarbonyloxy)ethyl]oxy]carbonyl]methyl]oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-
     1-yl]qlyoxylamide
                         177558-12-2P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-8-[[[[[1
     [(cyclopentylcarbonyl)oxy]ethyl]oxy]carbonyl]methyl]oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-
                         177558-18-8P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-2-ethyl-8-
     1-yl]glyoxylamide
     [[(1H-tetrazol-5-yl)methyl]oxy]indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
     2-[3-Benzyl-7-(3-carboxypropyloxy)-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
     177558-23-5P, 2-[7-(3-Carboxypropyloxy)-2-cyclopropyl-3-(o-
    phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177558-24-6P,
     2-[7-(3-Carboxypropyloxy)-2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-
                        177558-25-7P, 2-[7-(3-Carboxypropyloxy)-3-
    yl]glyoxylamide
     cyclohexylmethyl-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177558-26-8P,
     2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-8-(3-carboxypropyloxy)-2-ethylindolizin-1-
    yl]glyoxylamide 177558-27-9P, 2-[7-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(o-
    phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                   177558-29-1P,
     2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-8-(2-carboxyethyloxy)-2-ethylindolizin-1-
    yl]glyoxylamide
                        177558-31-5P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-8-(2-
     carbomethoxyethyloxy)-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                                    177558-32-6P,
    2-[7-(3-Carbethoxypropyloxy)-2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]acetamide 177558-33-7P, 2-[7-(3-Carboxypropyloxy)-2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]acetamide 177558-35-9P, 2-[8-
     [(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-methylthio-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-
    yl]glyoxylamide 177560-01-9P, 2-[3-Benzyl-8-[(carboxymethyl)amino]-2-
    methylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 177560-02-0P, 2-[8-
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[(Carboxymethyl)amino]-3-cyclohexylmethyl-2-methylindolizin-1-
      yl]glyoxylamide 182115-96-4P, 2-[3-Benzyl-8-[(carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 182115-97-5P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-
      2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                                   182115-98-6P,
      2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-(m-chlorobenzyl)-2-ethylindolizin-1-
      yl]glyoxylamide 182115-99-7P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(m-trifluoromethylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 182116-00-3P,
      2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-[(1-naphthyl)methyl]indolizin-1-
      yl]glyoxylamide
                         182116-01-4P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-cyclopropyl-3-
      (o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 182116-02-5P,
      2-[3-Benzyl-8-[(carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-methylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
      182116-03-6P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(4-
      pentylcyclohexylmethyl)indolizin-1-yllglyoxylamide
                                                                182116-43-4P,
      2-[7-(5-Carboxypentyloxy)-2-ethyl-3-(o-phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-
                         182116-46-7P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-2-methyl-8-
      yl]glyoxylamide
      [(pyridin-2-yl)methoxy]indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 182116-47-8P,
      2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-2-methyl-8-[(pyridin-4-yl)methoxy]indolizin-1-
                        182116-48-9P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-2-methyl-8-
     yl]glyoxylamide
      [(quinolin-2-yl)methoxy]indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 182116-50-3P,
      2-[3-Benzyl-8-[(carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-1-yl]-N-
      methylglyoxylamide
                            182116-51-4P, 2-[3-Benzyl-8-[(carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-
      ethylindolizin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylglyoxylamide 622836-01-5P,
     2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(1-naphthyl)indolizin-1-yl]acetamide 622836-06-0P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(0-
      phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]-N,N-dimethylglyoxylamide
      622836-08-2P, 2-[8-[[(1H-Tetrazol-5-yl)methyl]oxy]-2-ethyl-3-[(1-
     naphthyl)methyl]indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
                                                        622836-38-8P,
     2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(naphth-2-yl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 622836-39-9P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-ethyl-3-(4-
     pentylcyclohexylmethyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide sodium salt
      622836-40-2P, 2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-cyclohexylmethyl-2-
     methylindolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide sodium salt 622836-41-3P,
     2-[8-[(Carboxymethyl)oxy]-3-cyclopentylmethyl-2-methylindolizin-1-yllglyoxylamide sodium salt 622836-43-5P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-8-
      [[[[(tert-butoxycarbonyl)methyl]oxy]carbonyl]methyl]oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-
     1-yl]glyoxylamide
                           622836-44-6P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-8-[[[[[1-
      (cyclohexyloxycarbonyl)ethyl]oxy]carbonyl]methyl]oxy]-2-ethylindolizin-1-
     yl]glyoxylamide 622836-45-7P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-2-ethyl-8-
[[[[1-[(1-methylcyclopentyloxy)carbonyl]ethyl]oxy]carbonyl]methyl]oxy]ind
     olizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 622836-46-8P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-2-
     ethyl-8-[[[[[2-(morpholino)ethyl]oxy]carbonyl]methyl]oxy]indolizin-1-
     yl]glyoxylamide
                        622836-47-9P 622836-48-0P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-
     yl)methyl]-2-ethyl-8-[[[(2-oxopropyl)oxy]carbonyl]methoxy]indolizin-1-
     yl]glyoxylamide 622836-49-1P, 2-[3-[(Biphenyl-2-yl)methyl]-2-ethyl-8-
     [[(1-trityltetrazol-5-yl)methyl]oxy]indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide
622836-50-4P, 2-[7-(2-Carboethoxyethyloxy)-2-ethyl-3-(o-
     phenylbenzyl)indolizin-1-yl]glyoxylamide 622836-58-2P,
     2-[3-(Biphenyl-2-yl)-8-[(carboxymethyl)oxy]-2-methoxyindolizin-1-
     yl]glyoxylamide
     RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU
     (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES
      (Uses)
         (sPLA2 inhibitor; prepn. of indolizines as inhibitors of sPLA2 mediated
         release of fatty acids)
     ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     1988:5780 CAPLUS
     108:5780
     6-(1-carbamoyl-1-hydroxymethyl)penicillanic acid derivatives, their
     preparation, and their use as antibacterial agents and/or .beta.-lactamase
     inhibitors
     Barth, Wayne Ernest
Pfizer Inc., USA
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 138 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
     Patent
     English
FAN. CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                               APPLICATION NO. DATE
     -----
     EP 220939
                        A1 19870506
                                               EP 1986-308235
                                                                  19861023
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
     WO 9006928
                        A1 19900628
                                               WO 1985-US2134
                                                                  19851029
         W: US
     DK 8605143
                         Α
                              19870703
                                               DK 1986-5143
                                                                  19861028
     JP 62142183
                         A2
                              19870625
                                               JP 1986-258106
                                                                  19861029
     JP 06092417
                         B4
                               19941116
     US 4797394
                         Α
                               19890110
                                               US 1987-85675
                                                                  19870605
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US 4868296 A 19890919
PRAI WO 1985-US2134 19851029
US 1987-85675 19870605
OS CASREACT 108:5780

US 1988-243568 19880912

GI

AB Title compds. I [n = 0-2; R = H, ester group hydrolyzable under physiol.conditions, acyloxymethyl or 1-(acyloxy)ethyl derived from conventional .beta.-lactam antibiotics; R1, R2 = H, (un) substituted Ph, phenylalkyl, cycloalkyl, naphthyl, azolyl, etc.; NR1R2 = pyrrolidino, piperidino, morpholino, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydroquinolinyl, etc.] and their salts, useful as antibacterial agents and/or .beta.-lactamase inhibitors (no data), were prepd. by a) hydrogenolysis of I (R = CH2Ph) and optionally b) converting the compd. to a cationic salt or c) converting the compd. to an acid addn. salt if the compd. contains a basic N atom. Further, the compds. may be converted to physiol. hydrolyzable esters or to acyloxymethyl or 1-(acyloxy)ethyl esters derived from conventional .beta.-lactam antibiotics. The benzyl ester was prepd. by a) reacting a cyclic anhydride II (q = 0, 2) with HNR1R2 and b) if desired, oxidizing the resulting 6-carbamoyl benzyl ester I (R = CH2Ph, n = 0) to a benzyl ester (n = 1 or 2) with 1 or 2 mol equiv 3-ClC6H4C(0)OOH. II are prepd. by a) reacting 6-dibromo compds. III with 1 mol equiv methylmagnesium Grignard reagent and then with H2C:CHCH2OCOCHO to form allyl ester IV; b) debromination to give V; c) hydrolysis to give the acid VI; and d) reaction with COCl2 in the presence of tertiary amine. Benzyl 6,6-dibromopenicillanate (III, q=0) was treated with MeMgBr at -78.degree., then allyl glyoxalate at -78.degree. to give (R) - and (S)-IV (q = 0) the (R)-isomer of which was debrominated to give (S)-V (q = 0). Treating this with BuCHEtCO2Na, then Pd(PPh3)4 gave the Na salt of (S)-VI which was successively treated with COCl2 and NH4OH to give (S)-I (R = CH2Ph, R1 = R2 = H, n = 0). Hydrogenolysis in the presence of NaHCO3 and 10% Pd/C gave (S)-I (R = Na, R1 = R2 = H, n = 0). IT 4706-32-5P, N-Glyoxyloylpiperidine 16423-59-9P, N-Glyoxyloylmorpholine 79036-50-3P, N,N-Dimethylglyoxylamide 106435-93-2P, N-Glyoxyloylpyrrolidine 111605-39-1P, N-Isopropylglyoxylamide RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (prepn. of) 75-16-1, Methylmagnesium bromide RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) IT (reaction of, with benzyl dibromopenicillanate and dimethylglyoxylamide) TT 4706-32-5 16423-59-9, N-Glyoxyloylmorpholine 64370-42-9. Allvl glyoxalate 79036-50-3, N,N-Dimethylglyoxylamide N-Glyoxyloylpyrrolidine 111605-39-1 106435-93-2, RL: RCT (Reactant); RACT (Reactant or reagent) (reaction of, with benzyl dibromopenicillanate and methylmagnesium

L5 ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN AN 1986:552787 CAPLUS

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10/620209
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ТΙ
       Synthesis of psilocin labeled with carbon-14 and tritium
       Poon, Grace; Chui, Yun Cheung; Law, Francis C. P.
ΑU
       Dep. Biol. Sci., Simon Fraser Univ., Burnaby, BC, V5A 1S6, Can.
CS
       Journal of Labelled Compounds and Radiopharmaceuticals (1986), 23(2),
SO
       167-74
       CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803
       Journal
DT
LА
       English
       CASREACT 105:152787
OS
GT
               XNMe<sub>2</sub>
                        т
      14C- and 3H-labeled psilocin (I, X = CH214CH2; C3H2C3H2) tryptamine), the
      principal active agent of hallucinogenic mushrooms, was synthesized from
       2-methyl-3-nitrophenol via 4-benzyloxyindole. 4-Benzyloxygramine was
       treated with K14CN to give 14C-4-benzyloxy-3-indoleacetic acid, an
       intermediate for I (X = CH214CH2). LiAl3H4 was used to reduce
       4-benzyloxy-3-indole-N, N-dimethylglyoxylamide to give I (X =
      C3H2C3H2).
      14C- and 3H-labeled psilocin (I, X = CH214CH2; C3H2C3H2) tryptamine), the principal active agent of hallucinogenic mushrooms, was synthesized from
       2-methyl-3-nitrophenol via 4-benzyloxyindole. 4-Benzyloxygramine was
      treated with K14CN to give 14C-4-benzyloxy-3-indoleacetic acid, an
       intermediate for I (X = CH214CH2). LiAl3H4 was used to reduce
      4-benzyloxy-3-indole-N, N-dimethylglyoxylamide to give I (X =
      C3H2C3H2).
      ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
1.5
AN
      1959:28666 CAPLUS
DN
      53:28666
OREF 53:5137e-g
      Glyoxylamide derivatives
ΤI
      Whitfield, Gordon H.
IN
PA
      Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd.
DT
      Patent
      Unavailable
FAN.CNT 1
      PATENT NO.
                           KIND DATE
                                                      APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                   -----
PΙ
      GB 797604
                                   19580702
      N,N-Dialkyl substituted glyoxylamide derivs., useful as herbicides were prepd. Me2NCOCH(OH)NMe2 (I) (b8 70-3.degree.) (41.2 g.) was dissolved in 50 ml. MeOH and poured into a column (1 1/2'' .times. 3') packed with 500
      g. polystyrenesulfonic acid cation-exchange resin, the resin washed with
      two 500 ml. portions MeOH, and 2 eluate fractions were collected. Removal
      of MeOH from the 1st eluate and distn. of the residue gave 20.69 g. N.N-
      dimethylglyoxylamide Me hemiacetal (II), b20 82.86.degree..
      Similar treatment of the 2nd MeOH eluate gave 3.78 g. II. Exposure of II
      to moist air or treatment with the theoretical amt. of H2O gave
     Me2NCOCHO-0.5H2O (III), m. 121.degree. Similar treatment of I in H2O gave III, m. 121-2.degree., directly. Cf. C.A. 53, 227d.

N,N-Dialkyl substituted glyoxylamide derivs., useful as herbicides were prepd. Me2NCOCH(OH)NMe2 (I) (b8 70-3.degree.) (41.2 g.) was dissolved in 50 ml. MeOH and poured into a column (1 1/2'' .times. 3') packed with 500 g. polystyrenesulfonic acid cation-exchange resin, the resin washed with
      two 500 ml. portions MeOH, and 2 eluate fractions were collected. Removal
      of MeOH from the 1st eluate and distn. of the residue gave 20.69 q. N,N-
      dimethylglyoxylamide Me hemiacetal (II), b20 82.86.degree..
Similar treatment of the 2nd MeOH eluate gave 3.78 g. II. Exposure of II
      to moist air or treatment with the theoretical amt. of H2O gave
      Me2NCOCHO-0.5H2O (III), m. 121.degree.. Similar treatment of I in H2O
      gave III, m. 121-2.degree., directly. Cf. C.A. 53, 227d.
      ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     1959:1738 CAPLUS
DN
      53:1738
OREF 53:227d-f
     Glyoxylic acid derivatives
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10/620209
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1 61960-32-5/BI (61960-32-5/RN) 1 79036-50-3/RI (79036-50-3/RN) 1 939-71-9/BI (939-71-9/RN)

L7 3 (61960-32-5/BI OR 79036-50-3/BI OR 939-71-9/BI)

=> d scan

L7 3 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN IN 1,3-Benzodioxole-2-carboxamide (6CI, 7CI, 8CI) MF C8 H7 N O3

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):2

L7 3 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN IN Acetamide, 2-hydroxy-2-methoxy-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) MF C5 H11 N O3

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L7 3 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN IN Acetamide, N,N-dimethyl-2-oxo- (9CI) MF C4 H7 N O2

Whitfield, Gordon H.

Imperial Chemical Industries Ltd. PA

Patent DT

Unavailable A.T

PATENT NO.

FAN.CNT 1

KIND DATE

APPLICATION NO. DATE

ΡI GB 793807 19580423 GB

R1R2NCOCHO, where R1 and R2 are alkyl groups, is prepd. by treating R1R2NCO with LiC.tplbond.CH to yield R1R2NCOCH(OLi)NR1R2 followed by AB hydrolyzing to R1R2NCOCH(OH)NR1R2 (I). I with an acid gives R1R2NCOCHO and the acid salt of R1R2NH. E.g., 219 g. Me2NCO added dropwise to 16 g. LiC.tplbond.CH in 150 ml. boiling MePh, reftuxed 0.5 hr., and MePh and unreacted Me2NCO distd. in vacuo left 108 g. Me2NCOCH(OLi)NMe2 (II). added to 250 ml. H2O, extd. with ether, dried, and distd. yielded Me2NCOCH(OH)NMe2 (III), b8.0 70-3.degree.. A small portion of III with 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine sulfate yielded N,Ndimethylglyoxylamide 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone, m. 208.degree... III is useful as an intermediate in the prepn. of herbicides and pharmaceuticals.

AB R1R2NCOCHO, where R1 and R2 are alkyl groups, is prepd. by treating R1R2NCO with LiC.tplbond.CH to yield R1R2NCOCH(OLi)NR1R2 followed by hydrolyzing to R1R2NCOCH(OH)NR1R2 (I). I with an acid gives R1R2NCOCHO and the acid salt of R1R2NH. E.g., 219 g. Me2NCO added dropwise to 16 g. LiC.tplbond.CH in 150 ml. boiling MePh, reftuxed 0.5 hr., and MePh and unreacted Me2NCO distd. in vacuo left 108 g. Me2NCOCH(OLi)NMe2 (II). added to 250 ml. H2O, extd. with ether, dried, and distd. yielded Me2NCOCH(OH)NMe2 (III), b8.0 70-3.degree.. A small portion of III with 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazine sulfate yielded N,Ndimethylglyoxylamide 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone, m. 208.degree...

III is useful as an intermediate in the prepn. of herbicides and pharmaceuticals.

10/620209

=> d scan

3 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN Glycolamide, 2-dimethylamino-N,N-dimethyl- (6CI)

C6 H14 N2 O2 COM

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):2

3 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN L6

IN Acetic acid, oxo- (9CI)

C2 H2 O3

CI COM

PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT

L6

3 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN Acetamide, 2-[(2,4-dinitrophenyl)hydrazono]-N,N-dimethyl- (9CI) C10 H11 N5 O5 IN

MF

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O_2N & O \\
NH-N = CH-C-NMe_2
\end{array}$$

10/620209

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:57:21 ON 16 JAN 2004)

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 18:00:09 ON 16 JAN 2004 E SCHLOEMER G/IN 17 S E4-E6

L1

L2 L3 0 S L1 AND ACETAMIDE? 0 S L1 AND IMIDAZO? 7 S L1 AND PROCESS L4

10/620209

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ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L4
```

2003:222366 CAPLUS AN

138:238439 DN

Production of benazepril and analogs by kinetic resolution of an TIintermediate

IN Tseng; Wei-Hong; Cheng, Kau-Ming; Schloemer, George; Chen, Chien-Wen; Cheng, Chih-Wen

PΑ

Scinopharm Taiwan, Ltd., Taiwan U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 7 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 910,509. SO CODEN: USXXCO

DTPatent

English LΑ

FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡŢ	US 2003055245	 A1	20030320	US 2002-151772	20020521
,	US 2003033243	A1	20030320	US 2001-910509	20020321
	US 6548665	B2	20030415		
PRAI	US 2001-291888P	P	20010518	•	
	US 2001-910509	A2	20010719		

os MARPAT 138:238439

GΙ

$$Z^{1}$$
 $CO_{2}R^{2}$
 N
 O
 III
 $(R^{1})_{3}$
 III

A process for the prepn. of benazepril and analogs I by reaction AB of compd. II [Z1 = halogen] with compd. III [R1 = H, alkyl or a combination of H and alkyl; R2 = alkyl] in a polar solvent via epimerization and kinetic resoln. of intermediate catalyzed by phase transfer catalyst was developed. Thus, coupling of L-homophenylalanine Et ester to 3-bromo-2,3,4,5-tetrahydro-1H-1-benzapin-2-one using sodium iodide, epimerization and kinetic resoln. of intermediate carboxylic acid, followed by esterification gave compd. (S,S)-I (R1 = H, R2 = Et) in 80% yield and the ratio of enantiomers detd. by HPLC is SS:RR > 99.5:0.5.

=> d 2-7 bib abs

L4 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN

AN 2002:736940 CAPLUS

137:263201

TI Process for making taxane derivatives

Schloemer, George; Chen, Yung-fa; Lin, Chien Hsin; Daniewski, IN Wlodzimierz

PA Scinopharm Taiwan, Ltd., Taiwan

U.S. Pat. Appl. Publ., 9 pp. CODEN: USXXCO

DT Patent

LА	English				
FAN	CNT 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 2002137955	A1	20020926	US 2001-815517	20010323
	US 6531611	B2	20030311		
	WO 2002076967	A1	20021003	WO 2001-US9348	20010323
	W: CN, JP				
	RW: AT, BE,	CH, CY	, DE, DK, ES,	FI, FR, GB, GR, IE	, IT, LU, MC, NL
	PT, SE,		•		

```
PRAI US 2001-815517
                      Α
                           20010323
    CASREACT 137:263201; MARPAT 137:263201
OS
GT
```

TJ, TM

US 2001051357

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* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *
```

The present invention provides a novel semi-synthetic method of producing a variety of novel taxane derivs. I (R1 = alkoxy, R2 = alkoxy, H; R3 = alkyl; R4 = alkyl, aryl; X = protective group) by reaction of a phenylisoserine deriv. II with a suitably blocked Baccatin III deriv. III. I may be further modified to form pactitaxel and other potentially useful taxane derivs. Thus, III (R1 = R2 = MeO; R3 = Me; R4 = Ph), prepd. from (2R,3S)-phenylisoserine-HCl and .alpha.-methylcinnamic acid, was treated with 7-triethylsilylbaccatin III to give the corresponding I, which was converted to paclitaxel in 4 steps.

```
ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
     2002:290826 CAPLUS
ΑN
     136:310051
DN
     Process for the preparation of 4,4'-diketo-.beta.-carotene
ΤI
     derivatives
ΤN
     Schloemer, George C.; Schloemer, Danuta A.; Davis, Jeffery L.
PA
     Prodemex, S.A. D.E.C.V., Mex.
     U.S., 4 pp.
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
T.A
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND DATE
                                               APPLICATION NO. DATE
     US 6372946
                         B1·
                              20020416
                                               US 2001-953007
                                                                  20010913
     NO 2002004266
                        Α
                              20030314
                                               NO 2002-4266
                                                                  20020906
     CN 1417207
                         Α
                              20030514
                                               CN 2002-141620
                                                                  20020906
     EP 1293499
                                              EP 2002-256236
                        A1
                             20030319
                                                                20020909
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR, BG, CZ, EE, SK
PRAI US 2001-953007
                        А
                              20010913
OS
     CASREACT 136:310051
     A method of prepg. .beta.-carotene derivs. such as canthaxanthin and
     astaxanthin was described. The method employs an in situ system to
     generate hypobromous acid as the oxidizing agent using a salt of sulfite,
     hydrogen sulfite or bisulfite in combination with a bromate salt.
     Astaxanthin and canthaxanthin were obtained in good yield with a
     significantly reduced reaction time. Thus, zeaxanthin was oxidized using
     sodium hydrogen sulfite in chloroform to form axtaxanthin.
               THERE ARE 7 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
               ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L4
     ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     2001:798186 CAPLUS
     135:344616
     Oxidative process for the preparation of astaxanthin from
     zeaxanthin using a halogenating agent with the salt of chloric or bromic
     acid in an inert solvent
IN
     Schloemer, George C.; Davis, Jeffery L.
     Prodemex, S.A. de C.V., Mex.
     PCT Int. Appl., 12 pp.
SO
     CODEN: PIXXD2
рΤ
     Patent
LΑ
     English
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE
                                              APPLICATION NO. DATE
PI
     WO 2001081301
                        A2
                              20011101
                                              WO 2001-US13295 20010425
         W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN,
              CR, CU, CZ, CZ, DE, DE, DK, DK, DM, DZ, EE, EE, ES, FI, FI, GB,
             GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO,
             NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU,
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, TR, BF,

US 2001-813685

20010319

BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG

A1 20011213

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US 6376717
                       B2
                            20020423
     EP 1276719
                       A2
                            20030122
                                            EP 2001-932633 20010425
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, RO, MK, CY, AL, TR
     NO 2001006293
                            20020211
                                            NO 2001-6293
                                                             20011220
                      Α
     ZA 2001010503
                             20020829
                                            ZA 2001-10503
                       Α
                                                             20011221
PRAI US 2000-199875P
                      P
                            20000426
     US 2001-813685
                            20010319
                       Α
     WO 2001-US13295
                       W
                            20010425
OS
     CASREACT 135:344616
AB
     Astaxanthin is prepd. from zeaxanthin by oxidn. using a halogenating agent
     with the salt of chloric or bromic acid in an inert solvent.
     ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
L4
     1996:689881 CAPLUS
ΔN
DN
     126:19174
ΤI
     Preparation of acyclovir using 1,3 dioxolane
IN
     Schloemer, George C.; Han, Yeun-kwei; Harrington, Peter J.
     Syntex (U.S.A.) Inc., USA
PA
     U.S., 8 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 280,269, abandoned.
SO
     CODEN: USXXAM
DT
     Patent
LΑ
     English
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO. DATE
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                            _____
PΙ
     US 5567816
                            19961022
                                           US 1995-426005
                                                             19950427
     CA 2152863
                            19960127
                       AA
                                           CA 1995-2152863 19950628
     JP 08053451
                      A2
                            19960227
                                           JP 1995-176022
                                                             19950712
                            19960501
                                           EP 1995~110955
     EP 709385
                       AΊ
                                                             19950713
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU, NL, PT, SE
     CN 1122805
                     A
                            19960522
                                           CN 1995-115316 19950725
     BR 9503442
                       A
                            19960604
                                           BR 1995-3442
                                                             19950725
     FI 9503580
                            19960127
                                           FI 1995-3580
                       Α
                                                             19950726
PRAI US 1994-280269
                            19940726
     US 1995-426005
                            19950427
AB
     A process for the prepn. of acyclovir via coupling of guanine or
     silylated guanines with 1,3-dioxolane in the presence of a selective
     alkylation catalyst selected from the group consisting of
     trifluoromethanesulfonic acid, trimethylsilyl trifluoromethanesulfonate,
     and bistrimethylsilyl sulfonate, and hydrolyzing the product thus formed.
L4
     ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
AN
     1996:313501 CAPLUS
DN
     124:343989
     Method for producing 9-(2-hydroxyethoxymethyl)guanine (acyclovir) as
TI
     antiviral agent
IN
     Han, Yuen-Kwei; Harrington, Peter John; Schloemer, George Charles
     F. Hoffmann-La Roche Ag, Switz.
PA
SO
     Can. Pat. Appl., 28 pp.
     CODEN: CPXXEB
DТ
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 2
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                           APPLICATION NO.
                                                            DATE
                      _ _ _ _
ΡI
     CA 2152863
                      AA
                            19960127
                                           CA 1995-2152863 19950628
     US 5567816
                       Α
                            19961022
                                           US 1995-426005
                                                            19950427
PRAI US 1994-280269
                            19940726
     US 1995-426005
                            19950427
     CASREACT 124:343989; MARPAT 124:343989
GI
```

AB An efficient and selective process for the synthesis of the antiviral 9-(2-hydroxyethoxymethyl)guanine (acyclovir) (I) involves (1) contacting a silylated guanine or mixts. of silylated guanine (II; Z1, Z2, Z3 = H, R1R2R3Si; wherein R1 - R3 = lower alkyl; provided that at least one of Z1 -Z3 = R1R2R3Si) with 1,3-dioxolane (III) in the presence of a selective alkylation catalyst and (2) hydrolyzing the product formed. Said catalyst is selected form CF3SO3H, CF3SO3SiMe3, and bis(trimethylsilyl) sulfonate and CF3SO3SiMe3 is generated by contacting CF3SO3H with hexamethyldisilazane. The process avoids the use of acyl groups for protection of guanine, essentially specific for the prepn. of the N-9 isomer, thus eliminates the need for the chromatog. sepn. of the N-9/N-7 isomer mixts., provides I in good yields, requires simple starting materials and reaction conditions, and is carried out from start to finish in a single reaction vessel. Thus, a mixt. of 25 g guanine, 125 mL hexamethyldisilazane, and 1 mL CF3SO3SiMe3 was refluxed at 130-135.degree. for 24 h, cooled to 70.degree., treated with 25 mL $\,$ 1,3-dioxolane, refluxed for 16 h, distd. under reduced pressure to remove excess hexamethyldisilazane, cooled to 70.degree., poured into a mixt. of 600 mL 10% aq. AcOH, and heated to give a soln. The soln. was treated with 1.25 g activated carbon to remove any color, filtered, and the filtrate was slowly cooled to 5.degree. to give, after filtering off the white cryst. solid formed, 78% I.

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ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2004 ACS on STN
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AN 1989:23725 CAPLUS

110:23725 DN

TI Process for preparing (.+-.)-1,2-dihydro-3H-pyrrolo[1,2-

a]pyrrole-1,7-dicarboxylates as intermediates for pharmaceuticals

IN Khatri, Hiralal N.; Fleming, Michael P.; Schloemer, George C.

Syntex (U.S.A.), Inc., USA Eur. Pat. Appl., 28 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DT Patent

English

LA

FAN.	CNT 1				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI				EP 1988-100390	19880113
	EP 275092				
				GR, IT, LI, LU, NL	
	US 4835288		19890530	US 1987-3162	19870114
	US 4849526	A	19890718	US 1987-3104	19870114
	DK 8800143				
	FI 8800133	A	19880715	FI 1988-133	19880113
	FI 90344		19931015		
	FI 90344	C	19940125		
	NO 8800127	A	19880715	NO 1988-127 '	19880113
	NO 169124	В	19920203		
	NO 169124	C	19920513		
	AU 8810240	A1	19880721	AU 1988-10240	19880113
	AU 613334	B2	19910801		
	JP 63198684	A2	19880817	JP 1988-6757	19880113
	ZA 8800225	Α	19890927	ZA 1988-225	19880113
	HU 48881	A2	19891128	HU 1988-117	19880113
	HU 200606	В	19900728		
	HU 51595	A2	19900528	HU 1989-5354	19880113
	HU 201728	В	19901228		
	HU 52045	A2	19900628	HU 1989-5355	19880113
	HU 203532	В	19910828		
	HU 52046	A2	19900628	HU 1989-5356	19880113

	HU	203721	В	19910930			
	IL	85094	A1	19910916	$_{ m IL}$	1988-85094	19880113
	$_{ ext{IL}}$	96388	A1	19910916	$_{ m IL}$	1988-96388	19880113
	IL	96389	A1	19910916	$_{ m IL}$	1988-96389	19880113
	AT	76873	E	19920615	AT	1988-100390	19880113
	ES	2041703	T 3	19931201	ES	1988-100390	19880113
	HU	213614	В	19970828	HU	1990-1266	19880113
	CA	1340404	A1	19990223	CA	1988-556465	19880113
	US	4874872	Α	19891017	US	1988-255799	19881011
	US	4937368	A	19900626	US	1989-299701	19890123
	NO	9003993	A	19880715	NO	1990-3993	19900913
	NO	174583	В	19940221			
	NO	174583	C	19940601			
	ИО	9003994	A	19880715	NO	1990-3994	19900913
	NO	174346	В	19940110			
	NO	174346	C	19940420			
	NO	9003995	Α	19880715	NO	1990-3995	19900913
	NO	173828	В	19931101			
	NO	173828	C	19940209			
	FΙ	92488	В	19940815	FI	1991-2709	19910605
	FI	92488	C	19941125			
	FΙ	95242	В	19950929	FI	1991-2710	19910605
	FI	95242	C	19960110			
	FI	91148	В	19940215	FΙ	1993-320	19930126
	FI	91148	С	19940525			
PRAI	US	1987-3104	Α	19870114			
	US	1987-3162	Α	19870114			
	EΡ	1988-100390	A	19880113			
		1988-117	A	19880113			
	$_{ m IL}$	1988-85094	Α	19880113			
	ИО	1988-127	A1	19880113			
os	CAS	SREACT 110:2372	5; MA	RPAT 110:23725			
GI							

AB A process for producing diesters I (R = alkyl), useful as intermediates for pharmaceuticals II [Ar = alkyl, alkoxy, or halo (un) substituted Ph, 2- or 3- furoyl, 2- or 3-thienyl, 2- or 3-pyrryl; R = H, alkyl] useful as analgesics, antiinflammatories, antipyretics, and smooth muscle relaxants (no data), comprised: a) cyclizing pyrrole III (X = halo) with a hindered amine in an aprotic polar solvent; or b) reacting pyrrolidine IV with XCH2CHO (X = halo) in aq. soln. I (R = alkyl) are sapond. to I (R = H) which are monoesterified to I (R at 1 = alkyl, R at 7 = H) which are decarboxylated to II (no ArCO group). These are aroylated with an amide or morpholide to give II. I (R = H), which had been prepd. in 5 steps from BrCH2CH2NH2.HBr and (MeO2CCH2)2CO was converted in 4 steps into II (Ar = 4-MeC6H4, R = H).

L Number	Hits	Search Text	DB	Time stamp
1	3478	phosphorus adj tribromide	USPAT;	2004/01/16 17:19
			US-PGPUB	
2	30687	thionyl adj chloride	USPAT;	2004/01/16 17:20
			US-PGPUB	
3	315	(phosphorus adj tribromide) near (thionyl adj chloride)	USPAT;	2004/01/16 17:20
1 .			US-PGPUB	0004/04/40 4= 04
4	593	imidazopyridine	USPAT;	2004/01/16 17:21
_	0		US-PGPUB	0004/04/40 47 00
5	U	((phosphorus adj tribromide) near (thionyl adj chloride)) and	USPAT;	2004/01/16 17:20
6	271	imidazopyridine imidazopyridines	US-PGPUB USPAT:	2004/01/16 17:21
0	271	Imidazopyndines	US-PGPUB	2004/01/10 17:21
7	745	imidazopyridine or imidazopyridines	USPAT;	2004/01/16 17:21
•	740	initial 20 pyrianic or initial 20 pyrianics	US-PGPUB	2004/01/10 17.21
8	0	(imidazopyridine or imidazopyridines) and ((phosphorus adj	USPAT:	2004/01/16 17:22
	•	tribromide) near (thionyl adj chloride))	US-PGPUB	200 110 11 122
9	11485	halogenating	USPAT:	2004/01/16 17:22
			US-PGPUB	
10	0	((phosphorus adj tribromide) near (thionyl adj chloride)) near	USPAT;	2004/01/16 17:22
		halogenating	US-PGPUB	
11	180	((phosphorus adj tribromide) near (thionyl adj chloride)) same	USPAT;	2004/01/16 17:45
	_	halogenating	US-PGPUB	
12	3	(((phosphorus adj tribromide) near (thionyl adj chloride)) same	USPAT;	2004/01/16 17:47
	440	halogenating) and sleep	US-PGPUB	
13	113	hydrolysis and (((phosphorus adj tribromide) near (thionyl adj	USPAT;	2004/01/16 17:47
14	310	chloride)) same halogenating)	US-PGPUB	2004/04/40 47 47
14	310	hydrolysis same (phosphorus adj tribromide) (((phosphorus adj	USPAT; US-PGPUB	2004/01/16 17:47
15	1	tribromide) near (thionyl adj chloride)) same halogenating) hydrolysis same (((phosphorus adj tribromide) near (thionyl adj	USPAT:	2004/01/16 17:48
1.5		chloride)) same halogenating)	US-PGPUB	2004/01/10 17:40
		Chloride)) same halogenating)	US-FGFUD	